

# ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GMBH

WIEDNER HAUPTSTRASSE 76 IO40 VIENNA AUSTRIA TEL. +43 I 586 52 43 -0, FAX. -44, OFFICE@ROITHNER-LASER.COM

 $5.8 \pm 0.2$ 

 $5.0 \pm 0.2$ 



# LED570-03



#### **TECHNICAL DATA**

# Visible LED, 5 mm

## **AIGaInP**

LED570-03 is a AlGaInP LED mounted on a lead frame with a clear epoxy lens. On forward bias it emits a band of visible light with a peak at 570 nm.

### **Specifications**

Structure: AlGaInP

Peak Wavelength: typ. 570 nm
Optical Output Power: typ. 0.6 mW
Package: 5 mm clear epoxy resin

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

| Item                    | Symbol                    | Value    | Unit |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------|------|
| Power Dissipation       | $P_{D}$                   | 110      |      |
| Forward Current         | Current I <sub>F</sub> 50 |          | mΑ   |
| Reverse Voltage         | $V_R$                     | 5        | V    |
| Operating Temperature   | $T_{opr}$                 | -30 +80  | °C   |
| Storage Temperature     | T <sub>stg</sub>          | -30 +100 | °C   |
| Soldering Temperature * | T <sub>sol</sub>          | 265      | °C   |

<sup>1.5</sup> max. 21min. 21min. 2.5 2-0.5sq.±0.1 Anode

(Unit: mm)

## **Electro-Optical Characteristics**

| Item                 | Symbol           | Condition             | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit  |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Forward Voltage      | $V_{F}$          | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | -    | 2.1  | 2.3  | V     |
| Reverse Current      | I <sub>R</sub>   | $V_R = 5 V$           | -    | -    | 10   | μA    |
| Total Radiated Power | Po               | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | -    | 0.6  | -    | mW    |
| Radiant Intensity    | lε               | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ |      | 2.1  | -    | mW/sr |
| Brightness           | I <sub>V</sub>   | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | -    | 1.3  | -    | cd    |
| Peak Wavelength      | $\lambda_{P}$    | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | 560  | 570  | 580  | nm    |
| Half Width           | Δλ               | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | -    | 10   | -    | nm    |
| Viewing Half Angle   | Θ <sub>1/2</sub> | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$ | -    | ±12  | -    | deg.  |

Brightness is measured by Tektronix J-16 Total Radiated Power is measured by S3584-08 Radiant Intensity is measured by Tektronix J-6512

#### Notes

- Do not view directly into the emitting area of the LED during operation!
- The above specifications are for reference purpose only and subjected to change without prior notice.



<sup>\*</sup> must be completed within 3 seconds



#### Precaution for Use

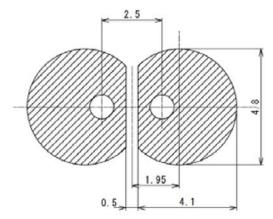
#### 1. Cautions

 DO NOT look directly into the emitted light or look through the optical system. To prevent in adequate exposure of the radiation, wear protective glasses.

#### 2. Lead Forming

- When forming leads, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3 mm from the base of the lead. DO NOT use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during lead forming.
- Lead forming should be done before soldering.
- DO NOT apply any bending stress to the base of the lead. The stress to the base may damage the LED's characteristics or it may break the LEDs.
- When mounted the LEDs onto the printed circuit board, the holes on the circuit board should be exactly aligned with the leads of LEDs. If the LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the lead and it will degrade the LEDs.

#### Recommended Land Layout (Unit: mm)



#### 3. Soldering Conditions

- Solder the LEDs no closer than 3 mm from the base of the lead.
- DO NOT apply any stress to the lead particularly when heat.
- The LEDs must not be reposition after soldering.
- After soldering the LEDs, the lead should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs.
- Cut the LED leads at room temperature. Cutting the leads at high temperature may cause the failure of the LEDs.

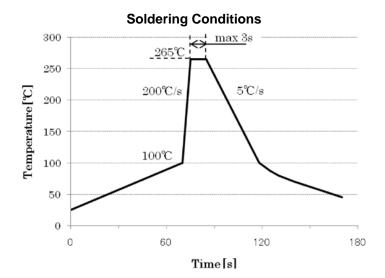


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### 4. Static Electricity

- The LEDs are very sensitive to Static Electricity and surge voltage. So it is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be grounded properly. It is recommended that precautions should be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.